

RPKI Tutorial

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Goals

- Explain where it started
- Learn what resources certificates are
- Learn how to request a certificate
- Learn how to create a Route Origin Authorization
- Learn how to integrate ROAs in your workflow
- Making BGP decisions based on the RPKI
- Lots of live demonstrations



Certification



Current Practices in Filtering

- Filtering limited to the edges facing the customer
- Filters on peering and transit sessions are often too complex or take too many resources
 - Do you filter?
- A lot depends on trusting each other
 - Daily examples show this is no longer enough



Limitations of the Routing Registry

- A lot of different registries exist, operated by a number of different parties:
 - Not all of them mirror the other registries
 - How trust worthy is the information they provide?
- The IRR system is far from complete
- Resulting filters are hard to maintain and can take a lot of router memory



Securing BGP Routing

- SIDR working group in the IETF looking for a solution:
 - Is a specific AS authorised to originate an IP prefix?
- Based on open standards:
 - RFC 5280: X.509 Public Key Infrastructure
 - RFC 3779: Extensions for IP addresses and ASNs



The RIPE NCC Involvement in RPKI

- The authority who is the holder of an Internet Number Resource in our region
 - IPv4 and IPv6 address ranges
 - Autonomous System Numbers
- Information is kept in the registry
- Accuracy and completeness are key



Digital Resource Certificates

- Issue digital certificates along with the registration of Internet Resources
- Two main purposes:
 - Make the registry more robust
 - Making Internet Routing more secure
- Added value comes with validation



Using Certificates

- Certification is a free, opt-in service
 - Your choice to request a certificate
 - Linked to your membership
 - Renewed every 12 months
- Certificate does not list any identity information
 - That information is in the RIPE Database
- Digital proof you are the holder of a resource

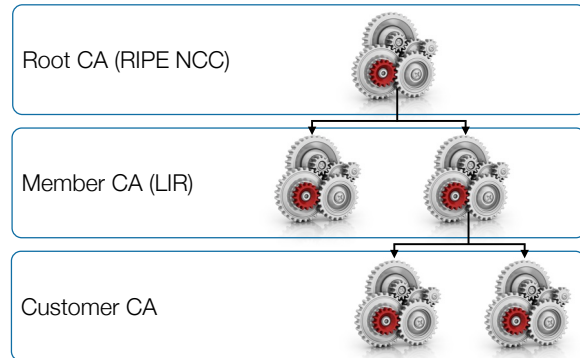


The PKI System

- The RIRs hold a self-signed root certificate for all the resources that they have in the registry
 - They are the trust anchor for the system
- That root certificate is used to sign a certificate that lists your resources
- You can issue child certificates for those resources to your customers
 - When making assignments or sub allocations



Certificate Authority (CA) Structure



Validation

- All certificates are published in publicly accessible repositories
 - RIPE NCC operates one of them
- You can download all certificates and associated public keys
- Using cryptographic tools to verify yourself that all certificates are valid and linked to the root CA



Which Resources Are Certified?

- Everything for which we are 100% sure who the owner is:
 - Provider Aggregatable (PA) IP addresses
 - Provider Independent (PI) addresses marked as "Infrastructure"
- Other resources will be added over time:
 - PI addresses for which we have a contract
 - ERX resources



Legacy Address Space

- A project has started to bring legacy resources into the registry system
- Makes the registry more robust and complete:
 - Holders are verified to be legit
 - Information published in the RIPE Database
 - Resources can be certified
- Free service for legacy holders
 - Contact legacy@ripe.net for more information



Demo

Setting up certification in the LIR Portal



Enabling Access To RPKI

My LIR

- General Information
- Billing Details
- LIR Contacts
- My Location
- Communication Preferences
- Manage Users
- Add Users

My Resources

- IP Analyser (beta)
- IPv4
- IPv6

Edit Alex Band (alexband@ripe.net)

Title:

As an admin, you can grant and revoke access to and from your LIR.

Groups: billing certification general resources ticketing

Assign admin privileges to this user



Setting Up a Certificate Authority

My Resources

- IP Analyser (beta)
- IP4
- IP6
- ASN
- Resource Certification (RPKI)**
- Request Form
- Object Editors

Certificate Authority Setup

You currently do not have a Certificate Authority for your registry. Would you like to create your Certificate Authority?

RIPE NCC Certification Service Terms and Conditions

Introduction

This document will stipulate the Terms and Conditions for the RIPE NCC Certification Service. The RIPE NCC Certification Service is based on Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standards, in particular RFC3647, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate Policy and Certification Practices Framework", RFC3779, "X.509 Extensions for IP Addresses and AS Identifiers", and the "Certificate Policy (CP) for the Resource PKI (RPKI)".

I accept. Create my Certificate Authority.



Your Resource Certificate

My Certified Resources

Certificate Authority Name: CN=nl.gigamon.nl
193.0.24.0/21
2001:87c:64::/48

[View Certificate](#)

Resource Certificate

Serial: 231785814

Subject: CN=62hN28mHf5K00WPUwV9ny0KXA

Issuer: CN=758d9f0d4b42c3f9230d7c0c0mg

Not valid before: 2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z

Not valid after: 2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z

Resources: 193.0.24.0/21, 2001:87c:64::/48

AIA: ca issuer

SIA: ca repository, manifest

Validation Result: ✓ OK [details](#)



ROA

Route Origination Authorisation



Making a Statement

- You as the certified holder of the IP addresses can decide who should announce these prefixes to the Internet:
 - They can originate from your own ASN
 - Or by a third party on your behalf
 - Maybe a part will be announced by somebody else
- You can use the certificate to "sign" this statement, to prove this is really you



Route Origination Authorisation (ROA)

- Next to the prefix and the ASN which is allowed to announce it, the ROA contains:
 - A minimum prefix length
 - A maximum prefix length
 - An expiry date
- Multiple ROAs can exist for the same prefix
- ROAs can overlap



Publication and Validation

- ROAs are published in the same repositories as the certificates and their keys
- You can download them and use software to verify all the cryptographic signatures are valid
 - Was this really the owner of the prefix?
- You will end up with a list of prefixes and the ASN that is expected to originate them
 - And you can be sure the information comes from the holder of the resources



Demo

Creating a ROA



My ROA Specifications

SANDBOX

News My Certified Resources My ROA Specifications History RIPE NCC ROA Repository

ROA Specifications

A Route Origin Authorisation (ROA) allows anyone on the Internet to validate that you have authorised the announcement of a specific prefix. Once you create a specification, a ROA is automatically published in the RIPE NCC ROA Repository in the form of a cryptographic object. In your ROA specifications, you state which Autonomous Systems are authorised to originate the prefixes you hold. At all times, your ROA specifications should match your intended BGP routing.

You have not entered any ROA Specifications.

[Add ROA Specification »](#)

Current BGP announcements

These are the current BGP announcements, as seen by the RIPE NCC Remote Route Collectors, that overlap with your certified resources. Only announcements seen by five or more peers are shown. This data can be up to nine hours old, so recent changes might not be reflected.

Search:	Origin AS	Prefix	Route Validity
	AS2121	193.0.24.0/21	UNKNOWN
	AS2121	2001:67c:64::/48	UNKNOWN



Add ROA Specification

Adding a ROA

Your New ROA

ROA Specifications

A Route Origin Authorisation (ROA) allows anyone on the Internet to validate that you have authorised the announcement of a specific prefix. Once you create a specification, a ROA is automatically published in the RIPE NCC ROA Repository in the form of a cryptographic object. In your ROA specifications, you state which Autonomous Systems are authorised to originate the prefixes you hold. At all times, your ROA specifications should match your intended BGP routing.

Name	AS number	Prefixes	Not valid before	Not valid after	ROA object
My ROA for the aggregate	AS2121	193.0.24.0/21 (24)			View Edit Delete

[Add ROA Specification](#)

ROA Object

Download

AS Number	Resources	Prefix	Maximum Length
AS2121	193.0.24.0/21 24		
		Not valid before	2012-04-02T17:15:28.000Z
		Not valid after	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z

[View certificate details](#)

Validation Result: [OK details](#)

The ROA Repository

RIPE NCC ROA Repository

These are all of the ROA objects that have been created using the RIPE NCC Certification Service. These objects are part of the RIPE NCC Certification Repository and as such are subject to [Terms and Conditions](#). All times displayed are UTC.

AS number	Prefixes	Not valid before	Not valid after
AS2121	193.0.24.0/21	2012-04-02T17:15:28.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS3333	2001:67c:2e8::/48 84.205.64.0/19 93.175.144.0/20	2012-03-13T16:32:10.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS12654	2001:7fb::/32 2001:7fd::/32 91.102.8.0/21	2012-03-13T16:32:10.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS20647	194.29.224.0/19 2a02:128::/32	2012-04-04T07:31:08.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS25152	2001:7fd::/32 80.92.112.0/20	2012-03-13T16:32:10.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS34347	195.149.216.0/21 2a02:28e8::/32	2012-04-10T14:11:19.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z
AS197000	2001:67c:a0::/48	2012-03-13T16:32:10.000Z	2013-07-01T00:00:00.000Z

Validator

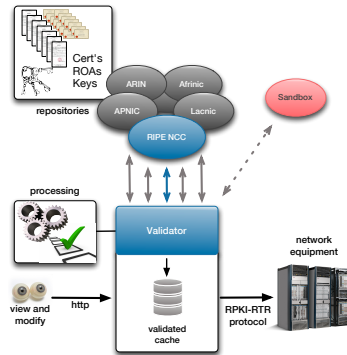


ROA Validation

- All the certificates, public keys and ROAs which form the RPKI are available for download
- Software running on your own machine can retrieve and then verify the information
 - Cryptographic tools can check all the signatures
- The result is a list of all valid combinations of ASN and prefix, the “validated cache”



ROA Validation Workflow



Validation

- Every certificate and ROA is signed using the private key of the issuer
- The public keys in the repository allow you to verify the signature was made using the correct private key
- You can walk the whole RPKI tree structure up to the Root Certificates of the RIRs



Reasons For a ROA To Be Invalid

- The start date is in the future
 - Actually this is flagged as an error
- The end date is in the past
 - It is expired and the ROA will be ignored
- The signing certificate or key pair has expired or has been revoked
- It does not validate back to a configured trust anchor



Modifying the Validated Cache

- The RIPE NCC Validator allows you to manually override the validation process
- Adding an ignore filter will ignore all ROAs for a given prefix
 - The end result is the validation state will be "unknown"
- Creating a whitelist entry for a prefix and ASN will locally create a valid ROA
 - The end result is the validation state becomes "valid"



The Decision Process

- When you receive a BGP announcement from one of your neighbors you can compare this to the validated cache
- There are three possible outcomes:
 - **Unknown:** there is no covering ROA for this prefix
 - **Valid:** a ROA matching the prefix and ASN is found
 - **Invalid:** There is a ROA but it does not match the ASN or the prefix length



Router-RPKI Protocol

- Routers can download the validated cache from the validator and have it available in memory
- The BGP process will check each announcement and label the prefix
- You can instruct your router to look at those labels and make a decision based on it
 - Modify preference values
 - Filter the announcement
 - ...



The Decision is Yours

- The Validator is a tool which can help you making informed decisions about routing
- Using it properly can enhance the security and stability of the Internet
- It is your network and you make the final decision



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Exercise/Demo

Using the RIPE NCC Validator



Download the Validator

- <http://www.ripe.net/certification> -> tools



- Requires Java 1.6 and rsync
- No Installation required
 - Unzip the package
 - Run the program
- Interface available on localhost port 8080



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Starting the Validator

```
Terminal — java — 80x24
guest169:~$ cd Downloads/rpki-validator-app-2.0.4/
guest169:~/rpki-validator-app-2.0.4$ ./bin/rpki-validator
15:02:25,138 INFO Loading trust anchors...
15:02:25,293 INFO Config file does not exist: File '/Users/whoewon/Downloads/r
pki-validator-app-2.0.4/data/configuration.json' does not exist
15:02:25,402 INFO RIR server (listening on 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0:8080)
15:02:25,389 INFO Welcome to the RIPE NCC RPki Validator, now available on port
8080. Hit CTRL-C
to terminate.
15:02:26,143 INFO Retrieving BGP entries from http://www.ris.ripe.net/dumps/ris
whoisdump_IPV4.gz
15:02:26,454 INFO Retrieving BGP entries from http://www.ris.ripe.net/dumps/ris
whoisdump_IPV6.gz
15:02:27,334 INFO Loaded trust anchor from location 'rsync://tpki-pilot.arin.net
:10873/certrepo/e6/29a02-319c-428f-b6b0-352670240ca/L/4789xt9H2lthUAVdrQ6QWtH
24u.com'
15:02:27,343 INFO Prefetching 'rsync://tpki-pilot.arin.net:10873/certrepo/'
15:02:27,389 INFO Loaded trust anchor from location 'rsync://tpki.ripe.net/ta/tri
pe-ncc-10.cer'
15:02:27,398 INFO Prefetching 'rsync://tpki.ripe.net/repository/'
15:02:28,294 INFO Loaded trust anchor from location 'rsync://tpki.affininc.net/re
pository/AFRINIC.cer'
15:02:28,295 INFO Prefetching 'rsync://tpki.affininc.net/member_repository/'
15:02:28,657 INFO Started validating RRIN Test Lab
15:02:29,165 INFO Loaded trust anchor from location 'rsync://repository.laoninc.n
```



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The Web Interface

The screenshot shows the 'Quick Overview of BGP Origin Validation' page. At the top, there is a navigation menu with links for Home, Trust Anchors, ROAs, Ignore Filters, Whitelist, BGP Preview, Export, and Router Sessions. Below the menu is a flow diagram with five boxes: Trust Anchors, ROAs, Ignore Filters, Whitelist, and Router, connected by arrows in a sequence. A text box below the diagram explains that Trust Anchors are the entry points for validation in any Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) system. At the bottom, there is a footer with the RIPE logo and copyright information: 'Copyright ©2009-2012 the RIPEux IP European Network Coordination Centre RIPE NCC. All rights reserved. Version 2.0.4'.

Trust Anchors

The screenshot shows the 'Configured Trust Anchors' page. It features a table with columns: Trust anchor, Processed items, Expires in, Last update, Next update in, and Update. The 'Next update in' column for the RIPE NCC RPKI Root is circled in red. Below the table is a footer with the RIPE logo and copyright information: 'Copyright ©2009-2012 the RIPEux IP European Network Coordination Centre RIPE NCC. All rights reserved. Version 2.0.4'.

Trust anchor	Processed items	Expires in	Last update	Next update in	Update
APNIC RPKI Root	1558	4 years and 2 months	7 minutes ago	3 hours	update
ARIN Test Lab	98	1 year and 2 months	8 minutes ago	3 hours	update
ARINIC RPKI Root	80	4 years and 2 months	8 minutes ago	3 hours	update
LACNIC RPKI Root	518	10 months and 3 weeks	8 minutes ago	3 hours	update
RIPE NCC RPKI Root	3879	4 years and 9 months	7 minutes ago	3 hours	update

Listing All Validated ROAs

The screenshot shows the 'Validated ROAs' page. It displays a table with columns: ASN, Prefix, Maximum Length, and Trust Anchor. A search box is located at the top right of the table area. Below the table is a footer with the RIPE logo and copyright information: 'Copyright ©2009-2012 the RIPEux IP European Network Coordination Centre RIPE NCC. All rights reserved. Version 2.0.4'.

ASN	Prefix	Maximum Length	Trust Anchor
1	10.0.1.0/24	24	ARIN Test Lab
1	192.168.1.0/24	24	ARIN Test Lab
1	61.45.250.0/23	23	APNIC RPKI Root
1	61.45.250.0/23	23	APNIC RPKI Root
21	10.4.0.0/16	16	ARIN Test Lab
22	10.255.1.0/24	24	ARIN Test Lab
42	2001:678-3::/48	48	RIPE NCC RPKI Root
42	194.0.17.0/24	24	RIPE NCC RPKI Root
574	88.207.58.0/23	23	RIPE NCC RPKI Root

Add an Ignore Filter

Prefix
193.0.24.0/21

Insert the prefix and click "add"

The overview shows if there is a match

The screenshot shows the 'Current filters' page. It displays a table with columns: Prefix, Filtered ROA prefixes, and delete. The 'Filtered ROA prefixes' column for the prefix 193.0.24.0/21 is circled in red. Below the table is a footer with the RIPE logo and copyright information: 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries'.

Prefix	Filtered ROA prefixes	delete
193.0.24.0/21	1 prefix(es)	delete

Creating a Whitelist

Add entry

Origin	Prefix	Maximum prefix length	Add
3333	193.0.24.0/21	24	

Add the origin, prefix and maximum length

This locally creates a valid (but fake) ROA

Current entries

Show 10 entries Search:

Origin	Prefix	Maximum Prefix Length	Validates	Invalidates	
3333	193.0.24.0/21	24	0 prefix(es)	0 prefix(es)	delete

BGP Preview

- The validator downloads a copy of the RIS
 - Allows you to get a hint of what would happen
 - RIS view might be different from your routing table

RPKI Validator - BGP Preview

ASN	Prefix	Validity
1	192.242.141.0/24	
1	192.242.253.0/24	
2	128.1.0.0/16	
3	16.8.0.0/16	
3	111.103.48.0/24	
3	111.103.49.0/24	
3	111.103.70.0/24	

BGP Preview Detail

RPKI Validator - BGP Preview

ASN	Prefix	Validity
14	2001:468:904::/48	
27	2001:468:c07::/48	
57	2001:468:1900::/40	
81	2001:468:1500::/40	
102	2001:468:c13::/48	INVALID
719	193.206.25.0/24	INVALID
1312	2001:468:c80::/48	INVALID
1312	2001:468:cae0::/44	INVALID
1351	2001:468:606::/48	INVALID
1406	2001:470:a::/48	INVALID

Details

ASN	Prefix	Length	Result
11537	2001:468::/32	48	INVALID

Exporting the Validated Cache

- Router sessions
 - Validator listens on 8282 for RPKI-RTR Protocol
 - Routers can connect and download the cache
- Export function
 - Allows you to download a CSV with the cache
 - Can be integrated with your internal workflow
 - Use for statistics or spotting anomalies

Router Integration



Open Standards

- The RPKI-RTR Protocol is an IETF standard
- All router vendors can implement it
 - Cisco has beta images available
 - Juniper expects it to be in 12.2 (Q312)
 - Quagga has support for it
- Ask your favorite sales person for more information
 - And tell them you like this



Public Testbeds

- A few people allow access to routers that run RPKI and allow you to have a look at it
- RIPE NCC has a Cisco:
 - Telnet to rпки-rtr.ripe.net
 - User: ripe, no password
- Eurotransit has a Juniper:
 - Telnet to 193.34.50.25 or 193.34.50.26
 - Username: rпки, password: testbed

<http://www.ripe.net/certification/tools-and-resources>



Non Hosted

Doing it all yourself



Using the RIPE NCC Platform

- Using the hosted system is an easy way to deploy RPKI without high investments
 - Easy to setup a certificate authority and ROAs
 - Key and certificate rollovers are taken care of
 - RIPE NCC system is certified and audited
- Drawback is the RIPE NCC needs to have both your public and private key
 - Needed to create ROAs and certificates
 - Some people say this is less secure



Do It Yourself

- Everything is based on open standards
- You can take matters in your own hand:
 - Setup and run your own Certificate Authority
 - Create the ROAs on your system
 - Optionally have your own publication point
- Communication channel with the RIPE NCC allows you to get your certificate signed by us
 - This is known as the "up down protocol"



Third Party Tools

- RPKI Engine 1.0
 - <http://www.hactrn.net/rpki-dox/>
 - Includes rcynic validation tool
- RPSTIR (BBN Third Party Tool)
 - <http://rpstir.sourceforge.net/>
- RTRlib - The RPKI RTR Client C Library
 - <http://rpki.realmv6.org/>



Roadmap

- Support for non-hosted is still under development by the RIPE NCC
 - Expected release will be third quarter 2012
- We can give you access to beta test
 - Mail certification@ripe.net if you are interested
- More information will be published on the certification website
 - <http://www.ripe.net/certification>



Questions?



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The End!

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